of minerals at a posted price does comply with the initial computation requirement of this section, adjustments and correlative and similar adjustments consistent with the substantive and procedural aspects of section 482 and §1.482–1(d) shall apply, whether made on the return by the taxpayer or on a later audit. This paragraph (b) does not apply to an actual sale or exchange of minerals made between persons with respect to whom adjustments under section 482 would never apply (but see paragraph (a)(4) of this section).

- (c) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section—
- (1) Foreign government. The term foreign government means only the integral parts or controlled entities of a foreign sovereign and political subdivisions of a foreign country.
- sions of a foreign country.
 (2) *Minerals*. The term *minerals* has the same meaning as in §1.907(c)-1(f)(1).
- (3) Posted price. The term posted price means the price set by, or at the direction of, a foreign government to calculate income for purposes of its tax or at which minerals must be sold.
- (4) Other pricing arrangement. The term other pricing arrangement in section 907(d) means a pricing arrangement having the effect of a posted price.
- (5) Fair market value. The term fair market value, whether or not at the port prior to export, is determined in the same way that the wellhead price is determined under §1.907(c)-1(b)(6).

[T.D. 8338, 56 FR 11075, Mar. 15, 1991]

§1.907(e)-1 [Reserved]

§ 1.907(f)-1 Carryback and carryover of credits disallowed by section 907(a) (for amounts carried between taxable years that each begin after December 31, 1982).

(a) In general. If a taxpayer chooses the benefits of section 901, any unused FOGEI tax paid or accrued in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, may be carried to the taxable years specified in section 907(f) under the carryback and carryover principles of this section §1.904-2(b). See section 907(e) and §1.907(e)-1 for transitional rules that apply to unused FOGEI taxes carried back or forward between a tax-

able year beginning before January 1, 1983, and a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982.

- (b) Unused FOGEI tax—(1) In general. The "unused FOGEI tax" for purposes of this section is the excess of the FOGEI taxes for a taxable year (year of origin) over that year's limitation level (as defined in §1.907(a)–1(b)).
- (2) Year of origin. The term "year of origin" in the regulations under section 904 corresponds to the term "unused credit year" under section 907(f).
- (c) Tax deemed paid or accrued. The unused FOGEI tax from a year of origin that may be deemed paid or accrued under section 907(f) in any preceding or succeeding taxable year ("excess limitation year") may not exceed the lesser of—
- (1) The excess extraction limitation for the excess limitation year, or
- (2) The excess general section 904 limitation for the excess limitation year.
- (d) Excess extraction limitation. Under section 907(f)(2)(A), the "excess extraction limitation" for an excess limitation year is the amount by which that year's section 907(a) extraction limitation exceeds the sum of—
- (1) The FOGEI taxes paid or accrued, and
- (2) The FOGEI taxes deemed paid or accrued in that year by reason of a section 907(f) carryback or carryover from preceding years of origin.
- (e) Excess general section 904 limitation. Under section 907(f)(2)(B), the "excess general section 904 limitation" for an excess limitation year is the amount by which that year's section 904 general limitation exceeds the sum of—
- (1) The general limitation taxes paid or accrued (or deemed to have been paid under section 902 or 960) to all foreign countries and possessions of the United States during the taxable year,
- (2) The general limitation taxes deemed paid or accrued in such taxable year under section 904(c) and which are attributable to taxable years preceding the unused credit year, plus
- (3) The FOGEI taxes deemed paid or accrued in that year by reason of a section 907(f) carryover (or carryback) from preceding years of origin.
- (f) Section 907(f) priority. If a taxable year is a year of origin under both section 907(f) and section 904(c), section

§ 1.907(f)-1

907(f) applies first. See section 907(f)(3)(A).

(g) Cross-reference. In computing the carryback and carryover of disallowed credits under section 907(f), the principles of §1.904-2 (d), (e), and (f) apply.

(h) *Example*. The following example illustrates the application of section 907(f).

Example. X, a U.S. corporation organized on January 1, 1983, uses the accrual method of accounting and the calendar year as its taxable year. X's only income is income which is not subject to a separate tax limitation under section 904(d). X's preliminary U.S. tax liability indicates an effective rate of 46% for taxable years 1983–1985. X has the following foreign tax items for 1983–1985:

	1983	1984	1985
1. FOGEI	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$10,000
2. FOGEI taxes	7,500	9,200	4,200
3. Other foreign taxable income	8,000	5,000	10,000
4. Other foreign taxes	3,200	2,000	3,000
5. (a) Section 907(a) limitation (.46 × Line 1)	6,900	9,200	4,600
(b) General section 904 limitation (.46 × (line 1 plus line 3))	10,580	11,500	9,200
6. (a) Unused FOGEI taxes (excess of line 2 over line 5(a))	600	0	0
(b) Unused general limitation taxes (excess of line 4 plus lesser of line 2 or line 5(a)			
over line 5(b))	0	0	0
7. (a) FOGEI taxes from years preceding 1983 deemed accrued under section 907(f)	0	0	0
(b) Section 904 general limitation taxes from years preceding 1983 deemed accrued			
under section 904(c)	0	0	l о
8. (a) Excess section 907(a) limitation (excess of line 5(a) over sum of line 2 and line 7(a))	0	0	400
(b) Excess section 904 general limitation (excess of line 5(b) over sum of line 4, lesser			
of line 2 and line 5(a) and line 7(b))	480	300	2.000
9. Limit on FOGEI taxes that will be deemed accrued under section 907(f) (lesser of line			_,,,,,
8(a) and line 8(b)	0	0	400
**	_		

X has unused 1983 FOGEI taxes of \$600. Since the excess section 907(a) limitation for 1984 is zero, the unused FOGEI taxes are carried to 1985. Of the \$600 carryover, \$400 is deemed acrued in 1985 and the balance of \$200 is carried to following years (but not to a year after 1988). After the carryover from 1983 to

1985, the excess section 904 general limitation for 1985 (line 8(b)) is reduced by \$400 to \$1,600 to reflect the amount of 1983 FOGEI taxes deemed accrued in 1985 under section 907(f)

[T.D. 8338, 56 FR 11079, Mar. 15, 1991]